

Hays Inlet Regional Park 1 Management Statement

Park purpose

Hays Inlet Regional Park 1 was formally gazetted as Hays Inlet Environmental Park on 24 July 1992 under the *Land Act 1962*. At that time there was a Trustee Agreement with Pine River Shire Council and the Director of National Parks and Wildlife. In 1994 the environmental park was gazetted to Hays Inlet Conservation Park 1 under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*.

No park specific purpose was identified as part of the gazettal.

Park size	155.5ha
Bioregion	South East Queensland
Local government area	Moreton Bay Regional Council
State electorate	Murrumba
QPWS region	South East
Year prepared: 2015	Review date: 2025

Strategic direction for park management

Based on an evaluation of its natural, cultural and presentation values, Hays Inlet Regional Park 1 has been assessed as having a basic level of priority for management and will be managed according to this priority rating.

Park management will be based on the best available local knowledge, professional judgement and anecdotal information. The basic level priority means it will receive annual routine inspections with occasional planned visits where issues have been identified. The focus is largely expected to be on natural resource management involving proactive management to understand and protect known natural values.

Cultural values will be managed proactively to protect those values known to Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service, (QPWS). Informal ad-hoc local consultation, collaboration and relationships with Traditional Owners and Indigenous stakeholders will be undertaken as required to progress specific issues and programs.

This park currently has low levels of infrequent visitor use and provides a few relatively undeveloped visitor sites. Visitors are unlikely to encounter a ranger on site during their visit. Current and future recreational opportunities will require that visitors have a high level of self-sufficiency and are primarily responsible for their own personal safety.

Informal ad-hoc consultation with community stakeholders will be undertaken on specific issues of park management.

Park assets will consist of minimal robust infrastructure which is required for the protection of natural and cultural values and self-reliant use by the public.

General park values, uses and management

Regional ecosystems

Hays Inlet Regional Park 1 protects six regional ecosystems, one of which has endangered biodiversity status and two are of concern, Table 1.

Species of conservation significance

Species of conservation significance recorded for this park include the koala *Phascolarctos cinereus*, Table 2.

Cultural heritage

All protected areas are recognised as cultural landscapes and Aboriginal people see themselves as inextricably linked to country both spiritually and physically.

Cultural records on physical artefacts and sites of spiritual significance are documented for this area. All proposed activities need to meet duty of care requirements under the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*. Non-indigenous historic places will be managed in accordance with the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992*.

Marine protected areas

The northern section of Hays Inlet Regional Park 1 is located within the Marine National Park zone (MNP11), the Conservation Park zone (CPZ06) and Habitat Protection zone (HPZ08) of the Moreton Bay Marine Park. Activities must be consistent with the objectives of these zonings. Any person wishing to conduct activities in these zones must comply with the *Marine Parks Act 2004*.

Parts of the park are located within the Hay's Inlet declared Fish Habitat Area (FHA) management A area, which significantly constrains development activities. This declaration under the *Fisheries Act 1994* requires that activities on the regional park must consider potential impacts on the FHA. Approval is required before development can commence, unless authorised under a self-assessable code. Development works may include on-park activities such as construction of boardwalks and bird hides.

Hays Inlet Regional Park 1 is adjacent to and parts of the park are within the Moreton Bay Ramsar area declared 22 October 1993.

Priorities for park management

The three regional ecosystems and one animal species of conservation significance are the main values of this park. The priorities for park management will be to mitigate any threats to these values through fire and pest management.

Management actions will be undertaken which aim to ensure:

- life and property on and adjacent to the park is protected
- fire is managed to conserve or maintain the condition of the regional ecosystems through the application of planned burn guidelines
- the impacts of existing pest species on neighbouring land uses are mitigated
- pest threats are managed to conserve or maintain the condition these regional ecosystems and one species of conservation significance
- consideration of the impacts on the declared FHA is undertaken when planning and conducting fire or pest management activities on the park in accordance with the FHA code of practice.

Appendix 1

Conservation values inventory

Table 1: Endangered and of concern regional ecosystems

Regional ecosystem number	Description	Biodiversity status
12.1.1	<i>Casuarina glauca</i> woodland on margins of marine clay plains.	Endangered
12.3.5	<i>Melaleuca quinquenervia</i> open forest woodland	Of concern
12.3.11	<i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i> +/- <i>Eucalyptus siderophloia</i> , <i>Corymbia intermedia</i> open forest on alluvial plains usually near coast.	Of concern

Table 2: Species of conservation significance

Scientific name	Common name	Nature Conservation Act 1992 status	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 status	Back on Track status
Animals				
<i>Phascolarctos cinereus</i>	koala (southeast Queensland bioregion)	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	-

