Bayview Regional Park Management Statement

Park purpose

Bayview Regional Park was formally gazetted as a conservation park in 2001.

No park specific purpose was identified as part of the gazettal.

Under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*, Redland City Council is trustee of the park.

Park size	158ha
Bioregion	South East Queensland
Local government area	Redland City Council
State electorate	Redlands
QPWS region	South East
Year prepared: 2015	Review date: 2025

Strategic direction for park management

Based on an evaluation of its natural, cultural and presentation values, Bayview Regional Park has been assessed as having a medium priority for management. The park will be managed according to this priority rating.

Park management will be based on the best available local knowledge, professional judgement and anecdotal information. The medium level means that it will receive a minimum of quarterly routine inspections with occasional planned visits where issues have been identified. The focus is largely expected to be on natural resource management involving a proactive management effort at a moderate level to understand or protect known natural values.

Cultural values will be managed proactively to protect those values known to Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service, (QPWS). Ongoing consultation, collaboration and relationships with Traditional Owners and Indigenous stakeholders will be undertaken as required to support broader continuing park management programs.

This park currently has relatively moderate and growing levels of visitor use and provides a few relatively undeveloped visitor sites. Visitors are unlikely to encounter a ranger on site during their visit but are likely to encounter Council officers. Current and future recreational opportunities will require that visitors have a high level of self-sufficiency. A moderate level of infrastructure is provided to support safe and sustainable use by predominantly self-reliant visitors.

The park will continue to provide natural area based, tourism activities that support a land management approach that is consistent with activities in adjacent Council Conservation reserves.

Public consultation on park management will be undertaken through ongoing local consultations with community stakeholders to support broad continuing management programs.

Park assets are functional and robust and require limited maintenance to protect the natural and cultural values and management capacity.

General park values, uses and management

Regional ecosystems

The park protects four regional ecosystems one of which has endangered biodiversity status, Table 1.

Species of conservation significance

Species of conservation significance that are recorded from this park include 11 animal species, Table 2.



Cultural heritage

All protected areas are recognised as cultural landscapes and Aboriginal people see themselves as inextricably linked to country both spiritually and physically. Cultural records on physical artefacts and sites of spiritual significance are documented for this area. All proposed activities need to meet duty of care requirements under the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003.* Non-indigenous historic places will be managed in accordance with the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992.*

Priorities for park management

The endangered regional ecosystem and 11 animal species of conservation significance are the main values of this park. The priorities for park management will be to mitigate any threats to these values through fire and pest management. Management actions will be undertaken which aim to ensure:

- life and property on and adjacent to the park is protected
- fire is managed to conserve or maintain the condition of the regional ecosystem through the application of planned burn guidelines and a strategy
- the impacts of existing pest species on neighbouring land uses are mitigated
- pest threats are managed to conserve or maintain the condition of regional ecosystem and animal species of conservation significance
- management of natural area recreation activities and infrastructure assure environmental sustainability.

Appendix 1

Conservation values inventory

Table 1: Endangered and of concern regional ecosystems

Regional ecosystem number	system Description	
12.11.23	Eucalyptus pilularis open forest on coastal metamorphics and interbedded volcanics	Endangered

Table 2: Species of conservation significance

Scientific name	Common name	Nature Conservation Act 1992 status	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 status	Back on Track status		
Animals						
Adelotus brevis	tusked frog	Vulnerable	-	Medium		
Ardea ibis ²³	cattle egret	Special least concern	-	Low		
Calyptorhynchus lathami	glossy black-cockatoo	Vulnerable	-	-		
Coracina tenuirostris 3	cicadabird	Special least concern	-	Low		
Crinia tinnula	wallum froglet	Vulnerable	-	High		
Hirundapus caudacutus ²³⁴	white-throated needletail	Special least concern	-	Low		
Merops ornatus ³	rainbow bee-eater	Special least concern	-	Low		

Scientific name	Common name	Nature Conservation Act 1992 status	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 status	Back on Track status
Monarcha melanopsis ¹	black-faced monarch	Special least concern	-	Low
Ninox stenua	powerful owl	Vulnerable	-	Medium
Phascolarctos cinereus	koala (Southeast Queensland bioregion)	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	-
Rhipidura rufifrons ¹	rufous fantail	Special least concern	-	Low

¹Bonn: Bonn Convention ³JAMBA: Japan-Australia Migratory Bird Agreement

 ²CAMBA: China-Australia Migratory Agreement
⁴ROKAMBA: Republic of Korea-Australia Migratory Bird Agreement