Bunya Mountains Regional Park Management Statement

Park purpose

Bunya Mountains Regional Park was formally gazetted as a conservation park in April 1998.

No park specific purpose was identified as part of the gazettal.

Park size	17.67ha	
Bioregion	South East Queensland	
Local government area	Western Downs Regional Council South Burnett Regional Council	
State electorate	Nanango	
QPWS region	South West	
Year prepared: 2015	Review date: 2025	

Strategic direction for park management

Based on an evaluation of its natural, cultural and presentation values, Bunya Mountains Regional Park has been assessed as having a medium priority for management. The park will be managed according to this priority rating.

Park management will be based on the best available local knowledge, professional judgement and anecdotal information. The medium level means that it will receive a minimum of quarterly routine inspections with occasional planned visits where issues have been identified. The focus is largely expected to be on natural resource management involving a proactive management effort at a moderate level to understand or protect known natural values.

Cultural values will be managed proactively to protect those values known to Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service, (QPWS). Ongoing consultation, collaboration and relationships with Traditional Owners and Indigenous stakeholders will be undertaken as required to support broader continuing park management programs.

This park currently has relatively low levels of visitor use and provides no visitor sites.

Public consultation on park management will be undertaken through ongoing local consultations with community stakeholders to support broad continuing management programs.

Park assets include a ranger work base however this does not result in a higher level of servicing for this park.

General park values, uses and management

Regional ecosystems

The park protects one regional ecosystem, which has not of concern biodiversity status at present.

Species of conservation significance

Species of conservation significance that are recorded from this park include one plant, one bat and one reptile species, Table 1.



Cultural heritage

All protected areas are recognised as cultural landscapes and Aboriginal people see themselves as inextricably linked to country both spiritually and physically. Although cultural records on physical artefacts and sites of spiritual significance are not well documented for this area, all proposed activities need to meet duty of care requirements under the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*. Non-indigenous historic places will be managed in accordance with the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992*.

Priorities for park management

The plant and two animal species of conservation significance are the main values of this park. The priorities for park management will be fire and pest management. Management actions will be undertaken which aim to ensure:

- life and property on and adjacent to the park is protected
- fire is managed to conserve or maintain the condition of the regional ecosystem through the application of planned burn guidelines
- the impacts of existing pest species on neighbouring land uses are mitigated
- pest threats are managed to conserve or maintain the condition of regional ecosystem and plant and animal species of conservation significance.

Appendix 1

Conservation values inventory

Table 1: Species of conservation significance

Scientific name	Common name	Nature Conservation Act 1992 status	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 status	Back on Track status	
Plants					
Lepidium peregrinum	-	Least concern	Endangered	Low	
Animals					
Nyctophilus corbeni	eastern long-eared bat	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Medium	
Strophurus taenicauda	golden-tailed gecko	Near threatened	-	Medium	